Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

VOL VII.] FRIDAY, October 30, 1807. [No. 2000.

Sales at Vendue.

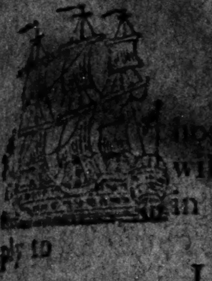
On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

For Freight or Charter,



The Ship MARY,
Henry Fosdick, Master;
Burthen about three hundred hogsheads, is a good vessel, & will be ready to receive a cargo in a few days.—For terms apply to

Lawrason and Fowle.

Who have for sale, on board said ship, 1200 bushels *Liverpool Coals*, for grates.
October 20.

Public Sale.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust from *John Spencer* to the subscribers, made to secure the payment of a certain sum of money to *Cuthbert Powell*, will be sold for cash to the highest bidder, at the dwelling-house on the premises, on SATURDAY the 21st day of November next,

Two Tracts of Land,

Lying in the neighborhood of the Gum-Spring, in Loudoun county, adjoining each other and binding on the lands of Thompson and Veitch and Benjamin James, containing one hundred and fifty two acres.—The sale will take place at twelve o'clock.

Israel Lacey,
Charles Lewis,
Stephen Beard, } *Trustees.*

October 16. dts

Public Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the county court of Prince-William, will be exposed to sale, before the front door of the court-house, in the town of Dumfries, *on the first MONDAY in November next, the following PROPERTY, viz.*

Ten likely NEGROES, consisting of men, women and children; among whom are, a good house carpenter and an excellent house servant—one Harpsichord, in tolerable good order.—This property will be sold on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond and security for the payment.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold,

A Tract of Land, commonly called "*Tebb's Dale,*" situated on Quantico Creek, about one mile and a half below Dumfries; containing about three hundred acres. On this land, whose situation and quality eminently recommends it, is a good dwelling-house and offices.

A Lot in the town of Dumfries, on which is erected a large and convenient stable.

Several Lots in the town of Carrborough, at the mouth of Quantico-Creek, some of which are improved, and all of which will be particularly designated on the day of sale.

The real property above mentioned, will be sold on a credit of six months for one half the purchase money, and of twelve months for the balance, the purchaser giving bond and approved security for the payment.

Benjamin Botts,
John H. Peyton,
Wm. A. G. Dade } Com'rs

October 8. [10.] dts

The Subscriber

Returns his most grateful thanks to the inhabitants of this town, for the patronage he has heretofor received, and earnestly solicits a continuance of the same: He likewise takes this method to inform them that, on Monday evening, the 28th of September inst. he intends opening a NIGHT SCHOOL at his Academy on Prince-street, where will be taught Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and every branch of the Mathematics.—Any young gentleman desirous to become acquainted with any of the above branches will meet with due attention from G. W. CARLIN.

September 15.

GROCERIES,

By ISAAC ROBBINS & Co. at their Grocery store, opposite the Indian Queen tavern,
KING-STREET,

Where country store-keepers can be supplied on moderate terms.
October 22. d2weo2w

JOHN LLOYD,

Has received per the William and John, and the George from Liverpool, a general assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Which are for sale on the usual terms.
October 26. d6teo1m,

☞ 195 Shares *Alexandria Marine Insurance Stock* for sale by
CATLETT & FISK.
October 16. d

JOSEPH RIDDLE,

Has received by the ship William and John, from Liverpool,

FALL GOODS.

October 24. d

WANTED

A middle aged woman, capable of managing a house. To one of good character liberal wages will be given. Enquire of the Printer.
Sept. 9. d

JUST RECEIVED,

By the schooner Thomas, *from* Salem, *and for sale by*

LEWIS DEBLOIS,

20 tons of RUSSIA HEMP,
RUSSIA DUCK,
RAVENS DITTO,
TANNERS' OIL.

Also for sale,

The said Schooner Thomas,

If applied for immediately to the Captain on board at Hepburn's wharf, or to
LEWIS DEBLOIS.
October 15. d

BRYAN HAMPSON

HAS FOR SALE.

10 pipes old port
5 do. Madeira
30 quarter casks Lisbon
12 do. particular Teneriffe } WINES.
15 pipes old cognac brandy
5 do. 4th proof Holland Gin
5 hhds. 3d proof Antigua rum
12 do. first quality molasses
6 do. green copperas
2 do. alum
20 do. brown sugar
20 bags pimento
15 do. pepper
10 chests young hyson
10 do hyson skin
5 do. imperial } TEAS
100 bags green coffee
150 kegs madder
50 do. ground ginger
30 do. raisins
1200 lbs. bacon, well cured
5 kegs salt petre

A quantity of fine and ground alum salt.

At all times he has the first quality flour for family use on hand—with a number of other articles—all of which he will sell low on his former terms.
Aug. 31 d

JAMES SANDERSON,

Offers for sale very low,

25 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar
70 bags green Coffee
15 hogsheads well flavored Rum
5 pipes Cogniac Brandy
12 quarter casks Sherry Wine
12 bales Tennessee Cotton

And as usual

A general assortment of the best Wines, Spirituous Liquors, Teas and Groceries.
October 12. d

Tanners OIL, at 15 dols per barrel
Spanish HIDES, at 10 to 13 cents, some of which will average 25 pounds, and are equal to any ever imported from the Spanish Main
Best green COFFEE
SUGAR in hogsheads and barrels
Loaf and lump SUGARS, of the first quality
A few seroons of flotant INDIGO, and
A variety of GROCERIES as usual.
3000 bushels of ground ALLUM SALT afloat, and 1000 bushels Cadiz in store; which is a consignment, and will be sold on reasonable terms by

Mordecai Miller.

October 15. d

TO RENT,

And possession given on the 14th of November next,

The three story Brick House

On the corner of King and Columbia-streets, now occupied by Mr. *John Roberts.*——For terms apply to Col. George Deneale, living next door, or to the subscriber.

Nicholas Voss

City of Washington, Oct. 20. tf

SWEDISH IRON.

Best *Swedish Bar-Iron*, for sale at McCall's Nail Manufactory—Price One Hundred and Twenty Dollars per Ton.

ALSO,

A good assortment of *Nails, Brads* and *Sprigs*—which will be sold low for cash, or to punctual customers.
October 14.

Paton and Butchers,

Have received by the ships William and John, Captain Woodhouse, and the Mary, Captain Babbige, from Liverpool, a general assortment of

IRONMONGERY,

AMONG WHICH ARE—

Waggon boxes; blistered, Crowley & cast steel; sheet iron; shovels and spades; patent shot; shovels and tongs; green wire fenders; Coal hods; brass battery kettles; patent and copper tea kettles and stewpans; ditto japanned and brass lamps; japanned plate warmers; chaffing dishes; Britannia coffee and tea pots; penknives and razors, table and desert knives and forks, plated and brass wares, of various descriptions; coffee mills; files; locks; bolts; screws; curriers' knives; fleshers; workers; graining boards and steels; saddle trees; gig and carriage harness; gig furniture.

THEY HAVE ALSO ON HAND,

A large assortment of bar iron, soal and upper leather and Spanish hides—

AND DAILY EXPECT

An assortment of Brass Andirons, and Looking-Glasses.

10th mo. 24. d1w 2aw3w

District of Columbia.

NOTICE *is hereby given to all whom it may concern*, that the Consul General of Portugal to the United States of America, has authorised the subscriber to legalize all papers that may be necessary for vessels bound from the ports of this district to any in Portugal or Madeira.

Those masters of vessels who may omit having their bills of health thus certified, will be liable to undergo quarantine.

It is requisite that any article shipped for account of a Portuguese subject, should be declared and sworn to, as Portuguese property; and the bills of lading legalized as above.

Lewis Deblois.

May 16. d

The Subscriber,

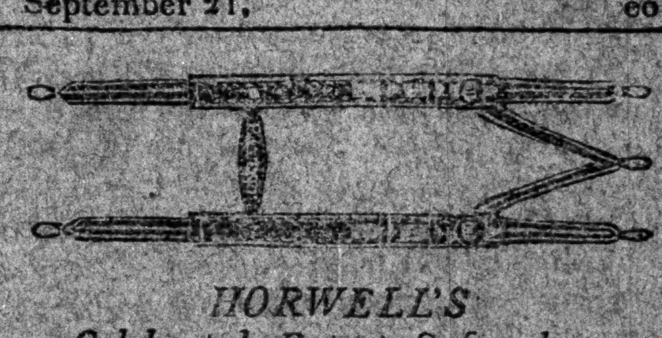
At his Manufactory, Water-street, offers for sale,

Upwards of 12,000 wt. Soap,

which, on inspection, will be found of a very superior quality.
Mould and dipped Candles in boxes.
South-Carolina Cotton, in bales.
Ditto Rice, in tierces.
And, as usual, first quality
Philadelphia Porter, in hhds. and bottles.

William Dunlap.

September 21. eo



HORWELL'S

Celebrated Patent Suspenders

FOR Ease, Elegance, Strength, &c. far exceeds any in use. To be had wholesale and retail at the Manufactory, lower end of Prince Street Alexandria.

N. B. The Subscriber has a complete assortment well adapted for the Winter Season, and can supply wholesale purchasers on advantageous terms.

Richard Horwell.

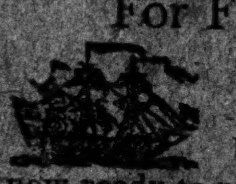
Sept. 25 d6m.

DIRECTIONS.

The buttons on the back parts of the waistband ought to be placed the same distance from each other, as the two center buttons on the Suspenders, to prevent improper straining and thereby destroying the ease designed in the construction of the article,

Richard Horwell.

For Freight or Charter,



The substantial Ship
LEONIDAS,
Upwards of 300 tons burthen, now ready to receive a cargo. Freight to Liverpool or Clyde, would be preferred.
Apply to

James Patton.

ALSO,

The good Ship
GEORGE,
Cap. Walker;
Burthen 207 tons; will be ready for a cargo in ten days. Apply to the Master on board or to

James Patton,

October 29. d

CAUTION.

ALL persons are cautioned against suffering their Dogs to accompany them to the race course during the races, as persons will be employed to shoot all Dogs on those days tresspassing.

The Renters of Booths will be called on for the Rent at four o'clock of the second day of racing.

John Hodgkins,
Clerk of the Course.

October 29.

LANDING,

From the brig Swift, Capt. Randall,
15 hhds. 20 bls. New Rum.
7 tons Russia clean Hemp
154 casks Lime—for sale by

John G. Ladd.

October 29. d

Six Cents *Reward.*

RAN-AWAY from the subscriber, an apprentice boy named JOHN MOODEY, about nineteen years of age, dark complexion, and about five feet two or three inches high, by trade a shoe-maker. Whoever apprehends said Boy shall receive the above reward, but no thanks, from

James Boyd.

N. B. All persons are hereby cautioned against harboring or employing said Boy, at their peril.

October 27. 3t

☞ Removal.

JOHN TUCKER,

Has removed from King-street to his wharf adjoining Messrs. Jonah Thompson & Sons, where he has for sale—

1700 SPANISH HIDES
2000 bushels coarse Turk's-Island SALT
First quality Muscovado SUGAR in hogsheads and barrels—and
GROCERIES as usual.

☞ He also takes the liberty to inform his friends in the country, that he has a large and commodious Warehouse for the reception of flour, either by water or waggons, and would take in flour on storage.

October 10. ed10d 3taw3w

FOR FREIGHT

To a Port in the south of Europe, without the Streights,

The fast sailing staunch brigantine FAME, *James Ham*, commander; burthen about 1200 barrels, now perfectly equipped and ready in a few days for the reception of a cargo.—Apply to

John G. Ladd.

Who has for sale, now landing from the said brig,

12 pipes Holland Gin of superior quality
5 tons best St. Petersburg clean Hemp
175 reams Writing paper
A few tons of Building Stone
A quantity of Potatoes, &c &c.

October 23. d

PUBLIC SALE.

On FRIDAY next, at half past 3 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises,

A TWO story frame dwelling-house and Lot of Ground, situated on King-street, between Washington and St. Asaph streets; fronts 20 feet and runs back to a 10 feet alley, subject to a rent of fifty dollars. A credit of two, four and six months will be given.

P. G. Marsteller.

October 27.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers to the Alexandria Coffee-House, are requested to meet at the Coffee-House on SATURDAY next, at 11 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing a committee to manage the affairs of the Coffee-House for the ensuing year.

October 28. 4t

From the RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

TRIAL

OF

COLONEL A. BURR.

MOTION FOR COMMITMENT.

EXAMINATION OF EVIDENCE.

SATURDAY, October 3.

Chandler Lindsley again called.

Col. *Burr*. Do you know whether Dunbaugh, after his examination, had an opportunity of seeing his deposition? *A* I recollect sometime in June, he said he could recollect his affidavit given in New-Orleans verbatim. Sometime afterwards he was in his chamber, and I was passing by or was in the same room with him, and saw him on the bed with a paper in his hand. I asked him if it was a copy of his affidavit; and he said yes.

Col. *Burr*. Did you afterwards see it in his hand? A No.

Mr *Martin*. At what time did you see him with that paper? A In the month of June, previous to his examination before the grand jury.

Mr. *Hay*. Where do you reside? A. My former residence was in Connecticut.

Mr. *Hay*. Where is it now? A I have no fixed place, but I expect to return to Bristol in Connecticut.

Mr. *Wirt*. Is that the place of your nativity? A Yes.

(General Wilkinson's testimony concluded.)

Mr. *Martin*. You offered an extract of your instructions to lieut. Pike yesterday- W[illegible] to see them.

Gen. *Wilkinson*. I have now in my hand a complete copy of those instructions. If they are admitted I wish them to be read. [They were received and deposited with the clerk.] Mr. Martin asked me yesterday respecting the information which major Bruff had given to gen. Smith and Mr. Read of the senate. I have a copy of it. Here it is.

[Mr. *Martin*. We only want to know when it was received? A I do not recollect. It was dated on the 1st of March, 1807, at the city of Washington. Mr. *Martin*. Then it could have influence on your conduct at New Orleans. We do not want the paper. See note A A.]

Gen. *Willkinson* said that this same major Bruff had been summoned here as a witness by col. Burr, to take revenge, as he had alledged, for past injuries.

Col. *Burr* asked if this was offered as testimony?

Gen. *Wilkinson*. No[illegible] what I can prove.

Col *Burr* said that if gen. Wilkinson had any further evidence to give he would go on with it. But these appeared to be mere conversations, and he did not know whether dictated by passion or not.

Gen. *Wilkinson*, addressing the Judge. I stand here in a very complex character. On the one hand, summoned as a witness on the part of the U. S.; on the other, arraigned as an offender by col. Burr and his counsel. I therefore hope, that should I commit any impropriety it will be ascribed to the peculiarity of my situation.

Mr. *Wickham*. I asked you if you had had any communications with Timothy Kibby, and whether you had ever made any propositions to him as to an invasion of Mexico? A. I cannot charge my recollection. There was a very general idea that hostilities with Spain would certainly take place. It is possible that I might have spoken to him as an officer of militia; with respect to the probable force which he could bring into the field on such an event.

Mr. Wickham. Have you ever made any confidential communications to him or to any other person on that subject? A I am not conscious that I ever did.

Gen. Wilkinson having been informed that there were no more questions to be propounded to him, addressed the judge as follows:——Upon a former occasion you will recollect sir, that reference has been had to a certain letter of which so much has been said. That letter is designated by the words said to be used in it. "Yours post marked the 13th of May has been received." That letter has been withheld under the pretext of delicacy; while we have seen it employed in the most artful and insidious manner to injure my reputation and to tarnish my fame. Sir, I demand the production of that letter. I hope that a reputation acquired by nearly 30 years of service is not to be filched from me by the subtlety, artifice or fraud of col. Burr and his counsel. I hope, that on Monday next, you will permit me to introduce a variety of letters and documents explanatory of the insinuations and innuendoes which are calculated to implicate me as an accessary in his plans. A member of the grand jury has been brought forward to state what my evidence was, which is an additional reason why I should be permitted to explain. It was my intention to have commenced my testimony by giving a regular detail of the proceedings of col Burr from his first passage of the mountains, but I have been advised to confine myself to a narration of the occurrences which commenced at Natchitoches. It is now my duty to go back to that period and trace col. Burr step by step.

The *Chief Justice* said, that the court could not sit to hear any thing except what related to the cause. As to the intention with which gen. Wilkinson had done any particular act, he had been permitted to explain, in the whole course of his testimony. With respect to what had been drawn from Mr. Tazewell, as he understood it, there was no variation between his statement and that of gen. Wilkinson.

The papers which gen. Wilkinson wished to refer to had as well appear before the public in any other way as thro' the channel of this court.

Mr. *McRae* said he did not know that gen. Wilkinson had gone so fully into an explanation of the various parts of his evidence as he intended. He had understood the court to say that gen. Wilkinson might be permitted to explain himself as to any particular fact mentioned in the course of his testimony. It the wish of gen. Wilkinson, on every occasion, to explain the motives which governed him: and if in some points he has not been so full as he intended, he hoped that the court would still hear him.

Mr. *Wickham*. Gen. Wilkinson must necessarily stand in a very delicate situation. Very heavy charges are brought against Col. *Burr*, which are attempted to be established by the testimony of gen. W. It must have been foreseen that the counsel of col. Burr, if they did their duty, would endeavor to impeach the credibility of gen. Wilkinson as a witness. But this is a common case. It is a thing which may happen in the case of every witness who is brought before the court. A witness is brought forward on whose testimony much reliance is placed. He is, of course, cross-examined to see whether he be consistent with himself; or whether his credibility can be impeached. In the present case I am certain that gen. Wilkinson has been treated with every degree of delicacy which the nature of the case would admit of. With respect to myself I am conscious of having done nothing but what my duty dictated; and of [illegible] delicacy towards gen. Wilkinson, as his relation would justify. We do not see the necessity of gen. Wilkinson's entering into explanations. If these are to be made, they had better be reserved for some other time, and some other place.

Col *Burr*. Gen. Wilkinson has been sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. If he has not told the truth, let him do it now; and not by his explanations, interrupt the examination of other witnesses.

Gen. Wilkinson. I have received, and have now in my possession a number of letters from col. Burr of an ambiguous nature, combining matters personal with matters political; but they contained nothing which would subject him to legal penalty or legal obstruction. I have before observed, that under the circumstances in which these letters were received, I did not feel myself at liberty to divulge their contents without the permission of col. Burr. I now ask that permission, for I feel that delicacy which others *profess* to feel. The letter post-marked the 13th of May has often been mentioned, and has been used to injure my character, and envelope it in doubts and suspicions. This letter, if it was written at all, must have been in answer to one received from col. B. Why has it not been produced? I challenge its production: for if it were brought forward, it would release me from all obligation to silence; and would enable me to exhibit to public view the letters of col. Burr. Sir, I am incapable of uttering an intentional falsehood; and under the solemnity of the oath which I have taken, I have no hesitation in saying, that the declarations of that gentleman (pointing to colonel Burr) that he had put the letter beyond his power and with my knowledge, is totally destitute of truth.

(AA)

Washington, 1st March, 1807.

Major Bruff communicated to S. S and col. Reed, that judge Easton (immediately after the first number of the Western World appeared) told him (Bruff) that it was in his power to ruin col. Burr, that he had told his plans, that they were such as had made his hair stand an end, but he had gone so far that he could not recede.——Bruff told him that he owed it to himself as an honest man to inform government. That I cannot do, said E. for I am under an oath of secrecy, but you had previously taken an oath paramount to any other to your country: I cannot tell, said E. but I will communicate the whole to you, if you will come under an oath of secrecy: indeed, continued he, col. Burr told me that he had heard of you, that he had heard you was a brave man, had sense and firmness, and desired me to speak to you. I am therefore at liberty to tell you all the plans, if you will swear that you will keep the secret. Bruff refused, and advised Easton to act like a man of honor and a friend to his country, or he would hereafter repent.

FRIDAY, October 2.

Witnesses on behalf of the accused.

(Mr. Tazwell's testimony continued.)

Mr. *Wickham*. [Holding in his hand a key of one of the cyphers.] Has there been any addition or alteration in this paper since you saw it before the grand jury?—A. I will state my impressions. I well recollect that this endorsement suggested one doubt to the grand jury; "I solemnly swear that the numbers and hieroglyphics within, excepting those which denote the alphabet and units, "Burr" and "Wilkinson" were written by the late captain Campbell Smith, in the year 1804, 5, or 6, then acting as my aid de camp." Mr. Randolph and myself had both been acquainted with captain C. Smith, and supposed there was some mistake in the date. I recollect putting this question to general Wilkinson, "Do you think that this cypher could have been formed in 1804, 5 or 6, as captain Smith must have been dead before that time?" The general after some consideration suggested, that there must be a mistake in the date and that 1794 was intended instead of 1804. I think also that the figures 1801 on the face of this paper have been added, since it was laid before the grand jury. I suppose general Wilkinson's memory has become refreshed & more correct since his examination.

Mr. *Hay*. General Wilkinson was not interrogated *here* about the alterations.

Mr. *Tazwell*. General Wilkinson was asked whether this was an affidavit which he intended to swear to? He said that there was a mistake in the date specified in this endorsement, and that it ought [illegible] 5, & 6, (as it is *now* put) instead of 1804, 5, and six, as it was *then* written.

Mr. *Hay*. This endorsement is not general Wilkinson's hand writing.

Gen. *Wilkinson*. It is the hand writing of my clerk Mr. Burling, who is here.

Mr. *Hay*. If Mr Tazwell is introduced here merely to show these variations, why was not general Wilkinson himself interrogated about them? He could himself have explained them.

Mr. *Burr*. We have not heard of these variations before. Q. Was not the year 1793 first mentioned as the date of the cypher? I do not recollect.

Mr. *Baker*. Do you recollect when it was represented to him that it was impossible a certain date could be correct, that he immediately changed it? A I am not certain.

Mr. *Burr*. Did you not understand, that the motive of his holding a correspondence with me was to draw from me my views? I am not certain that this was his language. Q Did you understand him to say, that his object was to communicate my views to the government? A. Such sir is my impression; indeed this inference from his answers was so palpable that I did not think it necessary to ask the question.

Gen. *Wilkinson*. Do you recollect sir, of any stipulation or acknowledgment, before the g. jury that what passed there was in confidence? A I have lately conversed with another grand juryman, and I have now reason to believe that something of the kind did pass. You had the letter of the 12th Nov, in your hand. You read a part and paused, you observed that perhaps it was not necessary to read the whole—Mr. Barbour then said, that certainly it should be received in confidence.

Mr. *Martin*. You ought not to have entered into any such an engagement.

Mr. *Tazwell*. I beg you to understand Mr Martin that I did not; but when I heard the letter I thought it improper to mention it, and as a gentleman sir I would not. And although I have frequently spoken of general Wilkinson's testimony, I have never mentioned the contents of that letter.

Gen. *Wilkinson*. Did you not understand me to say, that my expressions calculated to draw forth the views of col. B. particularly related to my letters in the spring of 1806? A The only letters which gen. Wilkinson spoke of were subsequent to Mr. Burr's visit to Saint Louis—General Wilkinson thought it probable that he had written the letter post marked the 13th May; but did not posively recollect.

Several other questions were put and answered by Mr. T. which the rapidity of his manner made it impossible for us take down.

SATURDAY, Oct. 3.

Mr. Tazewell was again called by col. Burr, and asked whether he had observed any inconsistency in the evidence of gen. Wilkinson

Mr. Tazewell said it was not for him to state what his impressions were, arising from the whole tenour of gen. Wilkinsons evidence. Indeed it was impossible for him to answer a question put in that way; if he were asked whether in any particular parts of gen Wilkinsons testimony he had observed a variance, he would answer the question. He was then asked, whether he had observed any inconsistency or contradiction in the evidence delivered by gen. Wilkinson, before the judge and that given to the grand jury? His answer was *none at all*. But, said Mr. Tazewell, as I have gone so far in speaking of my impressions, it may be proper for me to state what opinion I had formed. I must say, that I saw no good reason for gen. Wilkinson to invite col. Burr to the Western country.

Mr. *Hay* Do you recollect whether the testimony of Swartwout coincided with that of gen Wilkinson? A They could not be said to oppose each other in their testimony. Mr. Swartwout was examined first; and many of the circumstances to which he deposed were unknown to gen. Wilkinson.

Mr. Hay. I speak as to the conversations between Swartwout and general Wilkinson.

Mr. Tazewell. Perhaps there was this difference: gen Wilkinson stated that in the absence of col. Cushing which was spoken of by both of them, Mr. Swartwout slipped into his hand the cyphered letter of col Burr. Mr Swartwout who discovered the utmost candor and frankness in his evidence, stated the transaction in a different manner. He declared that the letter was delivered openly without any effort to conceal it.

Mr. Hay. But they both stated the fact the same that it was delivered in the absence of col Cushing? A Yes; they both stated the fact in the same way. I would not be willing to be understood that I doubted any thing Mr. Swartwout said. Altho he appeared before the grand jury under very unfavorable circumstances, and my impressions were very strong against him; yet the very frank and candid manner in which he gave his testimony, I must confess raised him very high in my estimation, and induced me to form a very different opinion of him from that which I had before entertained.

Matthew Ellis.

Mr. *Burr*. What do you know of Dunbaugh? Did you see him at Baton Rouge? A I did. He told me that he had just got out of prison for debt; by paying part of the debt and giving bail for the rest. Q But what passed between you? A When I met him I was surprised to see him. He said he had been arrested at Natchez by lieut. Romney, Q For what cause? A As a deserter.

Mr. McRae. At what time did you see him at Baton Rouge? A On Sunday 28th of March.

Mr. *Burr*. What further account did he give of himself? A He said that he had been sent down the River that he had made his escape and had demanded protection of governor Grand Pre at Baton Rouge. He said that he intended to stay there till he had got his pardon from gen Wilkinson, which he had written for.

Mr. *Burr*, His pardon for what? A For desertion; he told me that he had descended the river with you at capt. Bissels request; and that he had written to gen Wilkinson, that if a pardon was sent to him he would come down and give information of all that he knew against you, he also put a letter into my hand for captain Bissel.

Mr Burr. What was the purport of that letter? A To inform him that he repented leaving the garrison at Fort Massac in that manner, and to request him to support the statement he had made about leaving the fort. When he gave me that letter he requested me to put it in the nearest post office, and not to let lieut. Romney have it

Q What did he propose to capt. Bissel in

that letter? A I did not see that letter & I know only what he told me, he told me that his letter to capt. Bissel corroborated that to gen. Wilkinson.

Cross-Examined.

Mr. Hay. What state do you belong to? A I belong to Pennsylvania but I came from Natchez to this place. Q When did you descend the river? A On the 25th of November. Q In what boat? A In my own. Q Are you the person who sold your boat to Blennerhasset at the mouth of Cumberland? A I sold it to Mr. Burr, but went down in her to Natchez. Q You came with certain articles? A Yes. Q On a general trading voyage? A Yes.

Mr. Wirt. You went down in your own boat after you sold her to Burr? A Yes, I was not to deliver them till I got to Natchez.

Mr. McRae. What time did you pass Blennerhassett's island? A I do not exactly recollect; but some time in the latter end of November.

Mr. Hay. Where did Blennerhassett & his squadron fall in with you? A Not before I arrived at the mouth of Cumberland. Q Did you sell your merchandize to colonel Burr? A The greater part. Q What induced you to go down the river with them to Natchez, after your boat was sold? A Because it was not paid for.

Mr. McRae. What articles did you sell to colonel Burr? A A parcel of hoes, axes, iron and ploughs. I was not to receive any pay, till I got to Natchez. Q Were there any boats at the mouth of Cumberland? Was Blannerhassett there? A I believe he was. Q Was Floyd? A Yes. Q Tyler? A Yes. Q Israel Smith? A I expect he was. Q You went down with Floyd ahead? A Not altogether under Floyd. Q Why did you go ahead? A I did not know. Q When did you leave Natchez? A About the first of March.—Q You were not sent to New Orleans by any body? A No. Q What carried you to New Orleans? A Business of my own. Q Did you carry any thing to New Orleans for sale? A May be, I had a few deer skins and some racoon skins left.

Mr. Wirt. How long did you remain in New Orleans? A About 8 or 10 days. Q Did you see colonel Burr on your return? A I did. Q Where did you see him last? A At Washington, in the Missisippi territory; where I was at the trial of colonel Burr. Q Were you there when the trial closed? A No I went up several times to hear it, but the crowd was so great that I could not get in. Q Why did you go to Washington? A I went to see colonel Burr for a settlement. Q What claims had you on colonel Burr? A I do not exactly recollect the amount. Q Any claims for your boat? A Col. Burr contended I might take back my boat. Q What other claims had you? Any for iron? A Yes, and for apples and other articles. Colonel Burr had told me not to part with the axes, mattocks, and ploughs at all events.

Mr. Hay. Had you any previous acquaintance with Dunbaugh? A No; but I had seen him once before.

Mr. McRae. Were you never requested by any one to converse with Dunbaugh? A No. Q Were you acquainted with none of the party before you saw them at the mouth of Cumberland? A None, I believe. Q How came it to pass that you had the conversation with Jacob Dunbaugh? A It was accidentally. He came into the tavern where I was. Q Where did you intend to go, when you left Pittsburg? A To no particular place. Q Did you understand nothing at the mouth of Cumberland, of the purpose for which those men were gathered together? A I heard at the falls, that they were going to settle lands. Q Were any propositions made to you to join the party? A No. I never conversed with any but colonel Burr, and then only to make a bargain. Q Were you to have waited at Natchez till the arrival of colonel Burr? A Yes. I got to Natchez on the 5th of Jan. The trial of colonel Burr was in February. Q What did you wait so long for? A I had business with Mr. Ponsonby. Q Did that business detain you so long? A No; I chose to remain. 'Twas partly curiosity and partly business that detained me. I might have finished my business in a day or so. Q Did you get payment for the articles in the boat? A No; I never have for any of them. Q Did you deliver any of them? A I did some of them. Mr. McRae. Were you summoned here? A Yes; Mr. Ashley sent me word to be here. Q Had Mr. Ashley been down the river? A No. Mr. Ashley was in the back part of the country. What reason had you to believe, that Mr. Ashley had the power to summon you? I was told that he was summoning others, and he sent me a verbal message to come, but I don't know by whom; I understood too from capt. Floyd that I should be wanting. Mr. McRae. When did you receive a subpoena? A Not before I came here.

(*To be continued.*)

BY THIS DAY's MAIL.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 28.

Arrived ship Stapleton, Blackwell, 56 days from Gibraltar. Sept. 3d, off Cadiz, was boarded by the British squadron and treated politely. On the 27th & 28th September the Stapleton was dismasted in a severe gale of wind. Spoke nothing on the passage. Left at Algeziras, ship Rebecca, of Norfolk brought in, vessel and cargo cleared after twelve month's detention; ship Iris, of Salem, waiting trial; barque George Williams, Hopkins of Providence, detained for trial; brig Sally of Philadelphia do; ship Vigilance of New York, discharging; brig Phœbe of Norfolk had sailed for the Mediterranean; brig Belle Air, of Philadelphia, do.

Also ship General Knox, Genaldo, from Liverpool and 14 days from Portland.

Also, schooner Enterprize, Glavary, 21 days from Point Petre (Guad.)——Left brig Ann, Montserrat, for Baltimore in 5 or 6 days. Oct. 22, off Currituck spoke schooner Sommersett from Havanna, for Baltimore. Came into the Capes the 24th. Was informed by the pilot, that he had that day put a pilot on board the Sommersett. Left at Patuxent, this morning ship Hebe, from the Isle of France, was informed by the mate that the captain died 7 or 8 days before and two top sail schooners bound up. Saw the brig Sally of Boston go into Hampton Roads and an hermaphrodite brig into New Point Comfort.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

FRIDAY, October 30.

Married last evening by the Rev. James Muir, Mr. *William Long*, merchant of Martinsburg, to Miss *Susanna Stewart*, of this place.

A letter from London of the 5th of Sept. to a respectable merchant in this city, states on the authority of Samuel Williams, esq. late consul of the U. States at London, that the answer to Mr. Munroe's communication, on the subject of the Chesapeake was of so satisfactory a nature as to do away the apprehension of war between the United States and G. Britain, unless the war should be sought by this country.

(*Philadelphia paper.*)

William Canton and Mounsey Finning, two of the mutineers on board the British frigate Jason, were executed at Halifax on the 12th inst. Four others, sentenced to suffer at the same time, were respited after they had ascended the platform.

COMMERCIAL.

From Jamaica. By a proclamation of Sir Eyre Coote, lieutenant governor of Jamaica, &c. dated first September, 1807, permission is given (agreeable to an order of council of 1st July last, to the ships or vessels belonging to the subjects of any state in amity with G. Britain, to import into the British Islands and colonies in the West-Indies (and to any lands or territories on the continent of South America to his Britannic majesty belonging) staves and timber, every kind of provisions, beef, pork, fish and butter excepted, which are of the growth or produce of the country to which the ships or vessels importing the same shall belong: and also the exportation of rum and molasses, and of any other articles goods and commodities whatsoever, except sugar, indigo, cotton, wool, coffee and cocoa; provided always, that such ships or vessels shall duly enter into report and deliver their respective cargoes, and reload at such ports only where regular custom houses shall have been established. The exception (respecting the importation) of fish, however, not to be in force in any of the British islands, colonies, lands or territories, in which there shall have been provided a bounty on fish taken in part of his majesty's dominions in North America, or on the coasts thereof, by British subjects, to any amount equal to two shillings per quintal on cod, and imported in British vessels, from any of his majesty's provinces, settlements, or possessions, in N. America.

A custom house is to be erected at Port-Maria, (Jamaica) and in the mean time, persons are appointed there to carry on the duties of the customs.

NEUTRALITY.

The British have commenced the capture of Danish vessels in the West-Indies. The two nations appear to be completely at war, and there remains now no neutral of any commercial enterprize but the United States.—Great as has been the prospect of this country, it must now be increased if our rulers preserve peace. Nearly the whole trade of the world must fall into our hands. As the Danish islands will be captured, Denmark must hereafter be furnished with West-India produce through the United States, and the Danes will also be unable to import from the East-Indies, the articles from thence which they have been in the habit of consuming.

If the Russian ports are occluded against the British, the latter will be obliged, during our neutrality to import their supplies from the north of Europe in American vessels—and some articles, which they have heretofore received partly from the Baltic ports, they would hereafter be necessitated to obtain exclusively from America. The demand for naval stores, timber, flour and pot ashes, we should presume, would be greatly augmented at the ports in Great-Britain.

[Boston Palladium.

Extract of a letter from Newport (R. I.) to a gentleman in Phil dated Monday, 19th inst.

"Yesterday arrived here a brig belonging to your city, under Swedish colors, she was bound to St. Bartholomews, and three days after she sailed was captured by captain Cochrane, who took out the crew, excepting the captain, supercargo and two men, putting on board of her a prize master and 11 men and ordered her to Halifax. Three days before her arrival here, the remaining part of the crew, rose upon the Englishmen, retook the brig, and brought her into this port."

Extract of a letter from a passenger in the ship Alleghany from Liverpool for New York, dated,

"*Off Sandy Hook, Oct.* 24.

"Having just been boarded by the Revenue cutter, I learn that the latest European news brought by the Swift which ship sailed from Liverpool in company with us on the 9th ult. I find a ridiculous report to which the London papers gave currency, has been circulated by you, that Mr. Munroe had demanded a categorical answer to the dispatches by the Revenge in the limited space of four days; from the best information I was able to obtain, it seemed to be ascertained that no communication on the subject of dispute had been made to government on Saturday the 5th of September, and it was not certain that even on the Monday following any effort towards negociation had been attempted. While however I am upon the subject, I will state the reports that were in circulation at the moment of our sailing—I was told by one of the most respectable merchants of Liverpool, that Mr. —— , a gentleman attached to the American *Corps Diplomatique* has written to a particular friend at Liverpool, requesting him to call on my informan and assure him "that not precipitate measures would be taken by either government."

"The Alleghany on her passage was brought to by a British frigate, overhauled and civilly treated—the boarding officer informed that the Louisiana, from Liverpool for Baltimore, had put into Cork in distress.

FROM ENGLAND.

Although the late letters from England, speak favorably of the expected issue of our national affairs with that country, still too great confidence ought not to be placed in such information. On the preliminary points of negociation, & the general mode of discussing them, there could have been expected no dispute or irritation; but until the dispatches, which were sent to Mr. Munroe, are fully known, any suggestion, as to the result of them, must be deemed premature. It may be thought plausible to reason thus: that Great Britain, situated as she now is, with regard to her continental neighbors; and under an administration, by no means popular or respected, would make almost any sacrifice, rather than enter on a serious quarrel with us. We may say also, that Mr. Jefferson, aware of the perishable state of his party in the event of a war or any public embarrass-

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED,

Brig Maria, Russel, Lisbon—Wine, Fruit and Salt, to R T Hooe & Co,

Sch'r Fair Play Grinnels, Martinique—Sugar and Molasses, to M. Miller & Korn and Wisemiller.

CLEARED.

Sloop Betsey, Arnold, Dumfries—by the master.

——Montezuma, Palmer Norfolk—do.

Salt at Auction.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon, will be sold at Hartshorne's wharf,

2000 bushels Lisbon SALT,

On board brig Corporal Trim—On a credit of 60 days, for approved notes.

October 30.

COFFEE.

5000lb. good *COFFEE*,

50lb. *NUTMEGS*,

With as usual, a general assortment of WINES, LIQUORS and GROCERIES, for sale on reasonable terms by

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

October 30.

JUST LANDING,

ON THE WHARF OF THE SUBSCRIBERS,

A Cargo of Best Fresh

RHODE-ISLAND LIME.

ALSO,

A quantity of one and two inch

White Pine Boards and Plank.

ALSO ON HAND,

A large quantity of dressed and rough shingles of the best quality.

A. Scholfield & Co.

October 30. 3t

PUBLIC SALE.

TO-MORROW, at ten o'clock, will be offered for sale, on board the brig Maria, from Lisbon,

ABOUT 3000 bushels of course Salt, Lisbon and Bucellos Wine in qr. casks, and 100 boxes of Lemmons.

Terms will be made known at the time of sale.

R. T. Hooe, & Co.

October 30.

☞ *DARING ROBBERY!*

LAST evening a little after dusk, the subscriber was attacked by a mulatto or negro fellow near the meadow of the late captain Conway, who discharged a pistol at his head which missed him and he then knocked him down and robbed him of his watch, which is of the following description—gilt with gold, silver shank, brass chain and seal and steel key; the maker's name Geo. Byfield, London, number not recollected. A reward of twenty dollars will be given for apprehending the fellow so that he may be brought to justice, or ten dollars will be given for the restoration of the watch.

John Graham,

At Mr. Hodgkin, Alexandria.

October 30. 3t‡

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscribers of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained, from the orphan's court of said county, letters testamentory on the estate of Susanna Hamilton, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 30th day of April next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment.—Given under our hands this 30th day of October, 1807.

Andrew Jamieson, }
Rich'd. Weightman, } Ex's.

October 30 eo3w

Public Sale.

WILL be exposed at public sale, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of November, a LOT of GROUND containing ten acres, adjoining Cameron, about one mile and a half from Alexandria, known by the name of William Ward's tavern, on which is a comfortable dwelling house and out houses. The terms of sale will be one third in cash, one third in four months, and the remaining third in eight months. The title papers will be shewn on the day of sale.

Richard Freeman.

October 29. 1aw3t‡

Printing in its various branches, executed at this office.

☞ Fall Goods.

JOSEPH JANNEY

Has received by the late arrivals, an extensive assortment of

FALL GOODS.

10th mo. 20, d6t 3tawtf

Joseph H. Mandeville,

KING-STREET, NEAR THE RIVER,

Has for Sale,

Muscovado SUGAR in hhds. and bls. various qualities
Loaf and Lump do. in bbls.
200 barrels inspected HERRINGS
COFFEE in bags
MOLASSES in hhds.

TEAS: Imperial, Old Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin and Souchong

WINES: Port, Madeira, Claret, Sherry, Lisbon and Malaga

Cogniac and Spanish Brandy

RUM: Jamaica, Antigua, Windward Island and New-England

Rye Whiskey in barrels
Cherry Bounce in do.
Salt, coarse and fine

Pepper, Pimento, Snuff, Chewing Tobacco, Segars, Mould and Dipped Candles, Soap, Copperas, Madder, Wrapping Paper, Rice, Chocolate, Philadelphia Porter, Havanna Honey.

ALSO,

A constant supply of nice Flour for family use.

October 27. d

TO BE RENTED,

A three story Brick Dwelling and Ware house, on King and Henry-streets—together or separate. Likewise, on the opposite side, a two story Brick Dwelling-House.

For terms apply to

Jonathan and M. Scholfield.

May 1. eo

Advertisement.

THE public are hereby notified, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Virginia praying that a company be incorporated to pave a road leading from Fauquier court-house by the Buckland-Mills to Fairfax court-house, in the direction to Alexandria.

October 7. (7) law8:

Public Sale of Lots.

The subscriber will, on Thursday the 12th day of November next, expose to sale, on the premises, near the new turnpike gate, SEVERAL LOTS, being part of Pearson's Tract.

THE land is fertile, and full of a young growth of hickory, oak, &c. There is some springs of excellent water on the lots, with handsome and convenient scites for building. Meadow may be made on each lot—They contain from eight to fourteen acres, according to the survey and plat, which is to be seen in Mr. Snowden's printing office. The lots will be sold on a credit of sixty, ninety, and one hundred and twenty days, the purchaser giving bond, with approved security, for the payment at the stated periods. The title papers will be shewn on the day of Sale, or and time previous to that day, by

Charles Little,
Ex'or of J. West

October 27 dts

District of Columbia.

County of Alexandria, ss.

July Term, 1807.

Bond and Prentiss, Complainants,
vs.
Cornelius Wing, John T. Rickets, William Newton and John Mills, junior, joint merchants and copartners, under the firm of Ricketts, Newton and Company, Defendants,
In Chancery.

The defendant Cornelius Wing, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant Cornelius Wing, is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant Cornelius Wing, do appear here on the first day of November term next, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants John T. Ricketts, William Newton and John Mills, jun. do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate and effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Cornelius Wing, until the further order or decree of the court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of said county.

A copy. Teste.

G. Deneale, C. C.

September 11. law2m

WANTS BUSINESS,

In either of the Western States,

A Young Man who has acted as a manager to different estates, and can produce unexceptionable recommendations as to the requisite qualifications for such an undertaking. Please to enquire of the Printer.

October 27. 2awtf

FOR SALE,

Or to be RENTED for one or more years;

THE whole of the REAL ESTATE belonging to *Pressley Carr Lane*, lying in and adjacent to the town of Centreville, in Fairfax county.

This property consists of the well known TAVERN now occupied by Mr. *Adam Mitchell*.

The STORE HOUSE now in the occupancy of Mr. *Daniel Harrington*—and from eight hundred to a thousand acres of good FARMING LAND, at present in the possession of Mr. *Carr W. Lane*, and Mr. *Walter Locker*, which will be disposed of in seperate tracts or entire.

It is presumed that any person disposed to buy or rent any of the above property will first view the same and judge for themselves—a further description is therefore unnecessary.

☞ *Mr. Lane would take a small proportion in Negroes.*

Harrison Fitzhugh.

Fairfax County Oct. 23. 1aw

TO BE SOLD,

FOR READY MONEY,

To the highest bidder, at public auction, at Dawson's tavern, in the county of Loudoun, and town of *Leesburg*, on FRIDAY, the 13th day of November next, if fair; if not, the next fair day; by virtue of a decree of the court of the United States, for the 5th circuit, in the Virginia district, pronounced at May term 1806, in a suit depending in said court between the executors of Daniel Mildred, deceased, who was surviving partner of Mildred and Roberts, *plaintiffs*—and Samuel Hough and others *defendants*—

300 Acres of Land,

Near Leesburg, on the waters of Tuscarora, in the county of Loudoun—three acres of Meadow near Leesburg, and a House and Lot in Leesburg; or so much thereof as will be sufficient to raise certain sums of money, interest and costs, in said decree mentioned.

William Mann,
Armstead Long,
Charles F. Mercer, } *Com'rs.*

September 11. 2awts

This is to give notice, that the

subscriber of Alexandria County, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orhpan's Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of *John Duff*, late of the county aforesaid deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 5th day of Aprilnext, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 5th day of October 1807.

Sarah Duff, *Ex'rx.*

Oct. 6. 2aw4w

Forty Dollars *Reward*,

FOR APPREHENDING

JAMES & GEORGE.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the third instant, a Mulatto Lad named *James*; about 16 years old, slender made and very likely: He was purchased of Baldwin Dade, of this town.

Also ran away at the same time,

A likely black man, named *GEORGE*, about 22 years old, six feet high, well made, rather heavy eyed and slow in speech: he was purchased of Bazil Bowling, of Prince George county, Maryland.

The above reward will be given to any person who will lodge the above slaves in any jail so that I get them again, or Twenty Dollars for either of them. Information to be given to Mr. *Hodgkin*, at the Indian-Queen tavern, Alexandria.

John Franklin.

October 20.

Valuable *Property for Sale.*

TO BE SOLD, in four distinct lots or together, four acres of LAND, containing from one and a quarter acre to two acres each, most eligibly situated without the territory of Columbia, extending in a right line from Gibbon-street to Great-Hunting-Creek, intersecting Jefferson, Franklin, and Green-street, and bounding east and west on Fayrette and Payne-streets.

A plan of the ground and further particulars may be obtained by application to

James Patton.

June 22. tawtf

The Subscribers

Being desirous of bringing the affairs of the late firm of THOMPSON *and* VEITCH, *to a final close, OFFER FOR SALE the following*

REAL PROPERTY, viz.

THREE comfortable Dwelling-Houses, with elegant stores, on the south side of King, between Fairfax and Royal-streets, lots extending back 175 feet; at present occupied by Joseph Janney, James Russel, and James R. Riddle and Co. The situation is considered to be amongst the best for business in Alexandria.

A dwelling house and lot on the north side of King-street, near the corner of King and Pitt-streets, occupied by Samuel Snowden.

A lot, fronting 56 feet on Pitt-street, extending back 119 feet, and bounded on the south by an alley, on which is a shed occupied by M. Dorsey, coach-maker.

A brick dwelling house on Prince-street, betwixt Fairfax and Royal-streets, occupied by William Lovering.

Also, the vacant lots adjoining, on each side of said house. Their situation for business equal to any unimproved property in town.

That large commodious and brick tavern, in George-Town, with all the buildings and improvments attached thereto, situated on the main street leading from the public ferry; occupied by Joseph Semmes.

Three handsome three story brick dwelling houses, with brick stables and carriage houses, being part of the six buildings, situated on Pennsylvania avenue, in the city of Washington.

A handsome, commodious, and well finished brick dwelling house, in Charlestown, Jefferson county, late the property of Van Rutherford, with a large garden and the corner storehouse on same lot, situate near the centre of the main street.

Also, a tan-yard with sundry improvements, a comfortable dwelling house and lot adjoining, very handsomely situated, &c. Late the property of George Hite.

Also, a two story house and lot on the main street, at present occupied by Charles Foulk.

And a vacant lot on the main street, in a central situation for business.

For particular information respecting the above property in Charles-Town, application may be made to *William Tate*, Esq. of that place, or to *Henry St. George Tucker*, Esq. of Winchester.

A tract of land in Loudoun county, containing 400 acres, situate near the Gum Spring-late the property of J. Spencer. On this tract there are two settlements and about 60 acres in cultivation, the rest of the land well timbered; the new turnpike road will pass thro' a part of this tract. Captain Charles Lewis living near the Gum-Spring, will shew this to any person desirous of viewing it.

One other tract of 196 acres, in Frederkie county, about four miles from Winchester and near the lands belonging to judge Holmes. For particulars apply to *Henry St. George Tucker*, Esq.

One other tract of 400 acres, in Hampshire county, on a branch of Fairley's Run, near the town of Frankfort, formerly owned by Daniel Jones.

One other tract of 500 acres, in Randolph county, being part of an old military survey, on the south side of Glady Creek, considered to be of excellent quality. This tract is situated in a thickly settled part of that country, and contiguous to the main road leading from Randolph to the horse-shoe-bottom, on Cheat-river.

One other tract, named *Fertility*, of 266 acres, in Westmoreland county, state of Pennsylvania; situated on the Monongahela river, and binding thereon for 3-4 of a mile, about one quarter of a mile below Casner's ferry, and 4 miles above Purkinson's ferry. A large proportion is rich bottom land, with a valuable orchard of sugar trees and about 60 acres in cultivation. The main road from Union-Town to Pittsburg passes close by this land.

Any part of the above described property we are disposed to sell at reasonable rates, on the following terms, viz. One fifth in hand, and the residue in three or four equal annual payments, the purchaser giving bonds with security on the premises.

Jonah Thompson,
Richard Veitch

Alexandria, April 25. w&stf

Printing in its various branches, executed at this office.

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King *and* Fairfax-Streets,
ALEXANDRIA;
HAS FOR SALE,

An assortment of Wines, Liquors, Groceries, &c.

Consisting of

WINES: MADEIRA, Port, Sherry, Lisbon, Malaga, Teneriffe & Corsica

Old St. Estephe Medoc laret, in cases of one dozen
A few dozen fine old frontinac
Ditto do. best wine bitters
Jamaica and West-India rum
New-England do.
Cogniac, Bourdeaux and Naples brandy
Holland and country gin
Schiedam gin in cases
Irish whiskey, very old
70 barrels Pennsylvania rye whiskey
Cider in barrels
White wine and Cider vinegar
Florence oil in flasks
2 hogsheads Havanna honey
15 do. choice retailing molasses

TEAS *of good quality*: Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson-Skin and Souchong

Muscovado sugars, different qualities
Bengal white do.
Loaf and lump sugars, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Alexandria.
Leiper's, Garrett's, and Hamilton's snuff in bottles and bladders.
Macuba and rapee do.
Clover-seed, *(Penn. warranted)*

Mace; nutmegs; cloves; cassia; pimento; pepper; ginger, race and ground; Cayenne pepper; refined salt-petre.

Coffee; chocolate; rice; pearl barley; London and Philadelphia mustard; basket salt; starch; fig blue; flotant indigo; Georgia and Tennessee cotton; flax; wool; madder; copperas; allum; brimstone; chalk; pipes in boxes; wrapping paper and twine; traces; bed cords; leading lines; demijohns; gin cases; patent shot; brandywine gunpowder; Harvey's gunpowder, [the only real British battle powder] from F to treble sealed; chewing tobacco; best Havanna segars.

Muscatel and bloom raisins in boxes.
Sun raisins in casks.
Zante currants; prunes; soft shelled almonds.

A few boxes excellent pickles, each one dozen bottles assorted; capers, olives and anchovies, for sale by the box.

A quantity of clean good allum salt suitable or the fishery, &c. &c

---

JAMES BACON,

At his Grocery Store, *on King-street, has in addition to his former stock, added*

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,
Loaf and Lump ditto,

TEAS, particularly selected for family use: Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson-Skin, and Souchong

Best green Coffee,
Chocolate, of a superior quality

WINES: Madeira, Busellos, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, and Genuine old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New England Rum,
Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whisky,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
Stoughton's Bitters,

Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento, Cayenne and black pepper, race and ground ginger, basket salt for table use, pearl barley, rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, dipt spermaceti candles, refined salt-petre, flotant indigo, allum, copperas, madder, brimstone, spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best English and country made gunpowder, segars and smoaking tobacco, very best chewing tobacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's pipes in boxes.

London mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper, demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been selected with care, and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms

---

PRINTED DAILY BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
(For the Proprietor.)